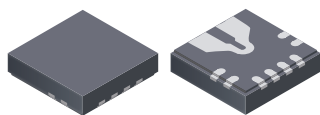


## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

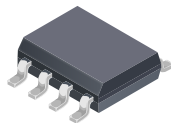
### FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- AEC-Q100 automotive qualified
- Differential Hall sensing rejects common-mode fields
- Integrated shield virtually eliminates capacitive coupling from current conductor to die, greatly suppressing output noise due to high dv/dt transients
- Industry-leading noise performance with greatly improved bandwidth through proprietary amplifier and filter design techniques
- High bandwidth 120 kHz analog output for faster response times in control applications
- Patented integrated digital temperature compensation circuitry allows for near closed-loop accuracy over temperature in an open-loop sensor
- Single supply operation with nonratiometric output at 3.3 and 5 V options
- Overcurrent  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  available between 50% and 200%  $I_P$  with 1.5  $\mu\text{s}$  (typ) response time
- Nonratiometric output provides immunity to noisy supplies
- Small footprint QFN-12 with wettable flank and SOIC-8 suitable for space-constrained automotive applications
- 0.6 m $\Omega$  (QFN-12) or 1.2 m $\Omega$  (SOIC-8) primary conductor resistance for low power loss and high inrush current withstand capability
- UL certified package (SOIC-8 only) for voltage isolation

### PACKAGES:



12-contact QFN with wettable flank  
3 mm × 3 mm × 0.75 mm  
(EXB package)



8-pin SOIC  
with internally fused path  
(LCB package)

*Not to scale*

### DESCRIPTION

The Allegro™ ACS71240 current sensor IC is an economical and precise solution for AC or DC current sensing in industrial, automotive, commercial, and communications applications.

The device consists of a precise, low-offset linear Hall sensor circuit with a copper conduction path located near the surface of the die. Applied current flowing through this copper path generates a magnetic field which is sensed by the integrated Hall IC and converted into a proportional voltage. The resistance of the integrated conductor is far less than typical sense resistors, which reduces power loss and improves efficiency.

Rejection of external common-mode magnetic fields is achieved through differential sensing, enabling high accuracy in magnetically noisy environments. A precise voltage proportional to the measured current is generated by the low-offset, chopper-stabilized Hall front end.

Zero ampere output voltage and device sensitivity are programmed at the Allegro factory to provide a high accuracy solution across the full automotive temperature range.

The ACS71240 includes an integrated fault comparator for simplified overcurrent detection. The ultrafast response time provides the system with ample time to detect and protect against short-circuit events.

The ACS71240 is provided in small, low-profile surface-mount package options: QFN-12 with wettable flank and SOIC-8. Internally, the flip-chip device is considered Pb-free. However, the solder bump connections contained within the package are available in Pb-free or high-temperature Pb-based options. Part numbers followed by -S are manufactured with tin-silver-based solder bumps, making these parts Pb-free without the use of RoHS exemptions. Part numbers without the -S are manufactured with Pb-based solder bumps using allowed RoHS exemptions.

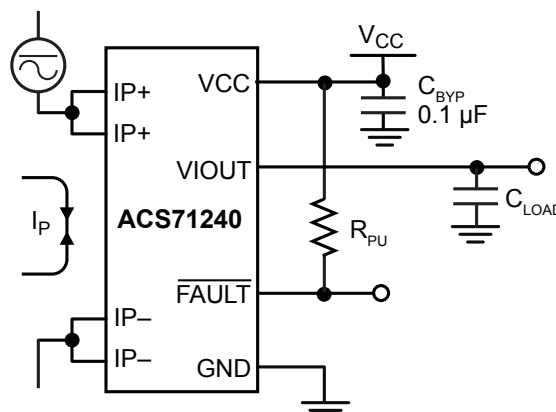


Figure 1: Typical Application

# ACS71240

## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

### SELECTION GUIDE

| Part Number <sup>[1]</sup> | Supply Voltage, $V_{CC}$ (V) | Optimized Accuracy Range, $I_{PR}$ (A) | Sensitivity (Typ) (mV/A) | Fault Trip Level (A)        | Operating Ambient Temperature Range, $T_A$ (°C) | Package                                     | Packing <sup>[2]</sup>       |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|
| ACS71240KEXBLT-010B3       | 3.3                          | ±10                                    | 132                      | ±10                         | -40 to 125                                      | 12-contact QFN with wettable flank (EXB)    | 1500 pieces per 7-inch reel  |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-010B3-115   | 3.3                          | ±10                                    | 132                      | ±11.5                       |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-030B3       | 3.3                          | ±30                                    | 44                       | ±30                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-030B3-167L  | 3.3                          | ±30                                    | 44                       | ±50, latched <sup>[3]</sup> |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-050B3       | 3.3                          | ±50                                    | 26.4                     | ±50                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-050B3-120   | 3.3                          | ±50                                    | 26.4                     | ±60                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-010B5       | 5                            | ±10                                    | 200                      | ±10                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-020B5       | 5                            | ±20                                    | 100                      | ±20                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-020B5-150L  | 5                            | ±20                                    | 100                      | ±30, latched <sup>[3]</sup> |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-030B5       | 5                            | ±30                                    | 66                       | ±30                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-045B5       | 5                            | ±45                                    | 44.4                     | ±45                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-050B5       | 5                            | ±50                                    | 40                       | ±50                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-050U5       | 5                            | 50                                     | 80                       | 50                          |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-010B3       | 3.3                          | ±10                                    | 132                      | ±10                         | -40 to 150                                      | 8-pin SOIC with internally fused path (LCB) | 3000 pieces per 13-inch reel |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-025B3       | 3.3                          | ±25                                    | 55                       | ±25                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-030B3       | 3.3                          | ±30                                    | 44                       | ±30                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-050B3       | 3.3                          | ±50                                    | 26.4                     | ±50                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-020U5       | 5                            | 20                                     | 200                      | 20                          |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-045B5       | 5                            | ±45                                    | 44.4                     | ±45                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-050B5       | 5                            | ±50                                    | 40                       | ±50                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-050U5       | 5                            | 50                                     | 80                       | 50                          |   |   |                              |

<sup>[1]</sup> Devices without -S have Pb-contained construction with Pb-based solder bumps. Operating performance of -S devices are identical to devices without -S. Devices without -S are RoHS compliant using allowed exemptions provided in Annex III and IV of Directive 2011/65/EU [Exemptions 7(a), 15, 15(a), as applicable].

<sup>[2]</sup> Contact Allegro for additional packing options.

<sup>[3]</sup> See application section for more information regarding latched fault behavior.

Continued on next page...

# ACS71240

## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

### SELECTION GUIDE

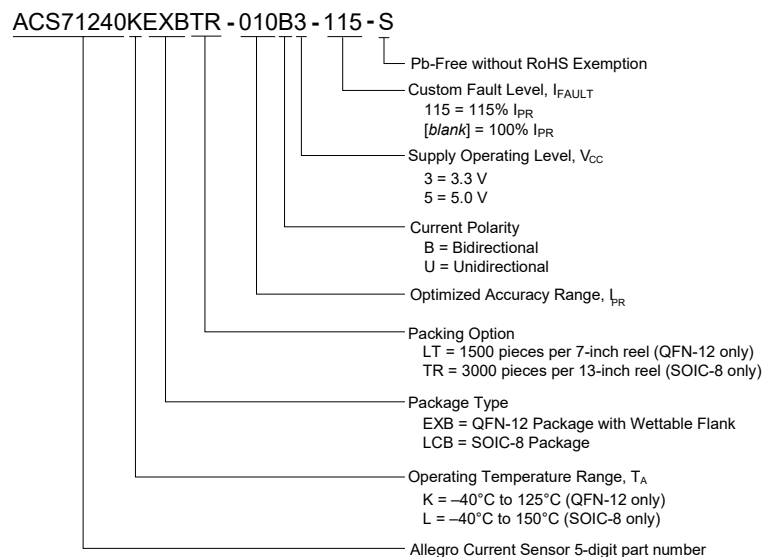
| Part Number <sup>[1]</sup>  | Supply Voltage, $V_{CC}$ (V) | Optimized Accuracy Range, $I_{PR}$ (A) | Sensitivity (Typ) (mV/A) | Fault Trip Level (A)        | Operating Ambient Temperature Range, $T_A$ (°C) | Package                                     | Packing <sup>[2]</sup>       |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|
| ACS71240KEXBLT-010B3-S      | 3.3                          | ±10                                    | 132                      | ±10                         | -40 to 125                                      | 12-contact QFN with wettable flank (EXB)    | 1500 pieces per 7-inch reel  |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-010B3-115-S  | 3.3                          | ±10                                    | 132                      | ±11.5                       |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-030B3-S      | 3.3                          | ±30                                    | 44                       | ±30                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-030B3-167L-S | 3.3                          | ±30                                    | 44                       | ±50, latched <sup>[3]</sup> |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-050B3-120-S  | 3.3                          | ±50                                    | 26.4                     | ±60                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-010B5-S      | 5                            | ±10                                    | 200                      | ±10                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-020B5-S      | 5                            | ±20                                    | 100                      | ±20                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240KEXBLT-030B5-S      | 5                            | ±30                                    | 66                       | ±30                         | -40 to 150                                      | 8-pin SOIC with internally fused path (LCB) | 3000 pieces per 13-inch reel |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-010B3-S      | 3.3                          | ±10                                    | 132                      | ±10                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-030B3-S      | 3.3                          | ±30                                    | 44                       | ±30                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-050B3-S      | 3.3                          | ±50                                    | 26.4                     | ±50                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-045B5-S      | 5                            | ±45                                    | 44.4                     | ±45                         |   |   |                              |
| ACS71240LLCBTR-050U5-S      | 5                            | 50                                     | 80                       | 50                          |   |   |                              |

<sup>[1]</sup> -S denotes the lead-free construction with tin-silver-based solder bumps. Advanced information. Pb-free variants are not yet released.

<sup>[2]</sup> Contact Allegro for additional packing options.

<sup>[3]</sup> See application section for more information regarding latched fault behavior.

### Naming Specification



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| Characteristic                      | Symbol                | Notes                    |                | Rating                | Units |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------|
| Supply Voltage                      | V <sub>CC</sub>       |                          |                | 6                     | V     |
| Reverse Supply Voltage              | V <sub>CC(R)</sub>    |                          |                | −0.5                  | V     |
| Output Voltage                      | V <sub>IOUT</sub>     |                          |                | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.7 | V     |
| Reverse Output Voltage              | V <sub>IOUT(R)</sub>  |                          |                | −0.5                  | V     |
| FAULT Voltage                       | V <sub>FAULT</sub>    |                          |                | 25                    | V     |
| Reverse FAULT Voltage               | V <sub>FAULT(R)</sub> |                          |                | −0.5                  | V     |
| Maximum Continuous Current          | I <sub>CMAX</sub>     | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C    | QFN-12 package | 60                    | A     |
|                                     |                       |                          | SOIC-8 package | 55                    | A     |
| Operating Ambient Temperature Range | T <sub>A</sub>        | Range K (QFN-12 package) |                | −40 to 125            | °C    |
|                                     |                       | Range L (SOIC-8 package) |                | −40 to 150            | °C    |
| Maximum Junction Temperature        | T <sub>J(MAX)</sub>   |                          |                | 165                   | °C    |
| Storage Temperature Range           | T <sub>stg</sub>      |                          |                | −65 to 170            | °C    |

**ESD RATINGS**

| Characteristic       | Symbol           | Test Conditions  |                | Value | Unit |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|-------|------|
| Human Body Model     | V <sub>HBM</sub> | Per JEDEC JS-001 | SOIC-8 package | ±6.5  | kV   |
|                      |                  |                  | QFN-12 package | ±4.0  | kV   |
| Charged Device Model | V <sub>CDM</sub> | Per JEDEC JS-002 |                | ±1    | kV   |

**ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS (for SOIC-8 package only)**

| Characteristic                                       | Symbol      | Notes  | Value      | Units                |
|--|-------------|--|------------|----------------------|
| Dielectric Surge Strength Test Voltage               | $V_{SURGE}$ | Tested $\pm 5$ pulses at 2/minute in compliance to IEC 61000-4-5 1.2 $\mu\text{s}$ (rise) / 50 $\mu\text{s}$ (width).                                | 6000       | V                    |
| Dielectric Strength Test Voltage <sup>[1], [2]</sup> | $V_{ISO}$   | Agency type-tested for 60 seconds per UL 62368-1 (edition 3); production-tested at $V_{ISO}$ for 1 second, in accordance with UL 62368-1 (edition 3) | 2400       | $V_{RMS}$            |
| Working Voltage for Basic Isolation <sup>[2]</sup>   | $V_{WVBI}$  | Maximum approved working voltage for basic (single) isolation according to UL 62368-1 (edition 3)  | 420        | $V_{PK}$ or $V_{DC}$ |
|  |             |  | 297        | $V_{RMS}$            |
| Clearance  | $D_{cl}$    | Minimum distance through air from IP leads to signal leads   | 4          | mm                   |
| Creepage   | $D_{cr}$    | Minimum distance along package body from IP leads to signal leads  | 4          | mm                   |
| Distance Through Insulation                          | DTI         | Minimum internal distance through insulation   | 63         | $\mu\text{m}$        |
| Comparative Tracking Index                           | CTI         | Material Group II  | 400 to 599 | V                    |

<sup>[1]</sup> 100% Production-tested for 1 second in accordance with UL 62368-1 (edition 3)

<sup>[2]</sup> Certification pending

**ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS (for QFN-12 package only)**

| Characteristic  | Symbol     | Notes                                     | Value | Units    |
|---|------------|---|-------|----------|
| Working Voltage for Functional Isolation <sup>[1]</sup> | $V_{WVBI}$ | Voltage applied between pins 1-4 and 5-12 | 100   | $V_{PK}$ |

<sup>[1]</sup> Based on characterization. No agency testing was conducted.

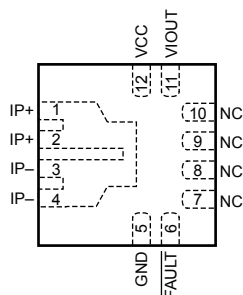
# ACS71240

## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

### PACKAGE CHARACTERISTICS

| Characteristic               | Symbol   | Notes                      |                | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit       |
|------------------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------------|------|------|------|------------|
| Primary Conductor Resistance | $R_{IP}$ | $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | QFN-12 package | –    | 0.6  | –    | m $\Omega$ |
|                              |          |                            | SOIC-8 package | –    | 1.2  | –    | m $\Omega$ |
| Primary Conductor Inductance | $L_{IP}$ | $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | QFN-12 package | –    | 1.5  | –    | nH         |
|                              |          |                            | SOIC-8 package | –    | 2    | –    | nH         |
| Moisture Sensitivity Level   | MSL      | Per IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020    |                | –    | 2    | –    | –          |

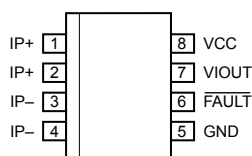
### PINOUT DIAGRAMS AND TERMINAL LIST TABLES



**Package EX, 12-Pin QFN  
Pinout Diagram**

**Terminal List Table (QFN-12)**

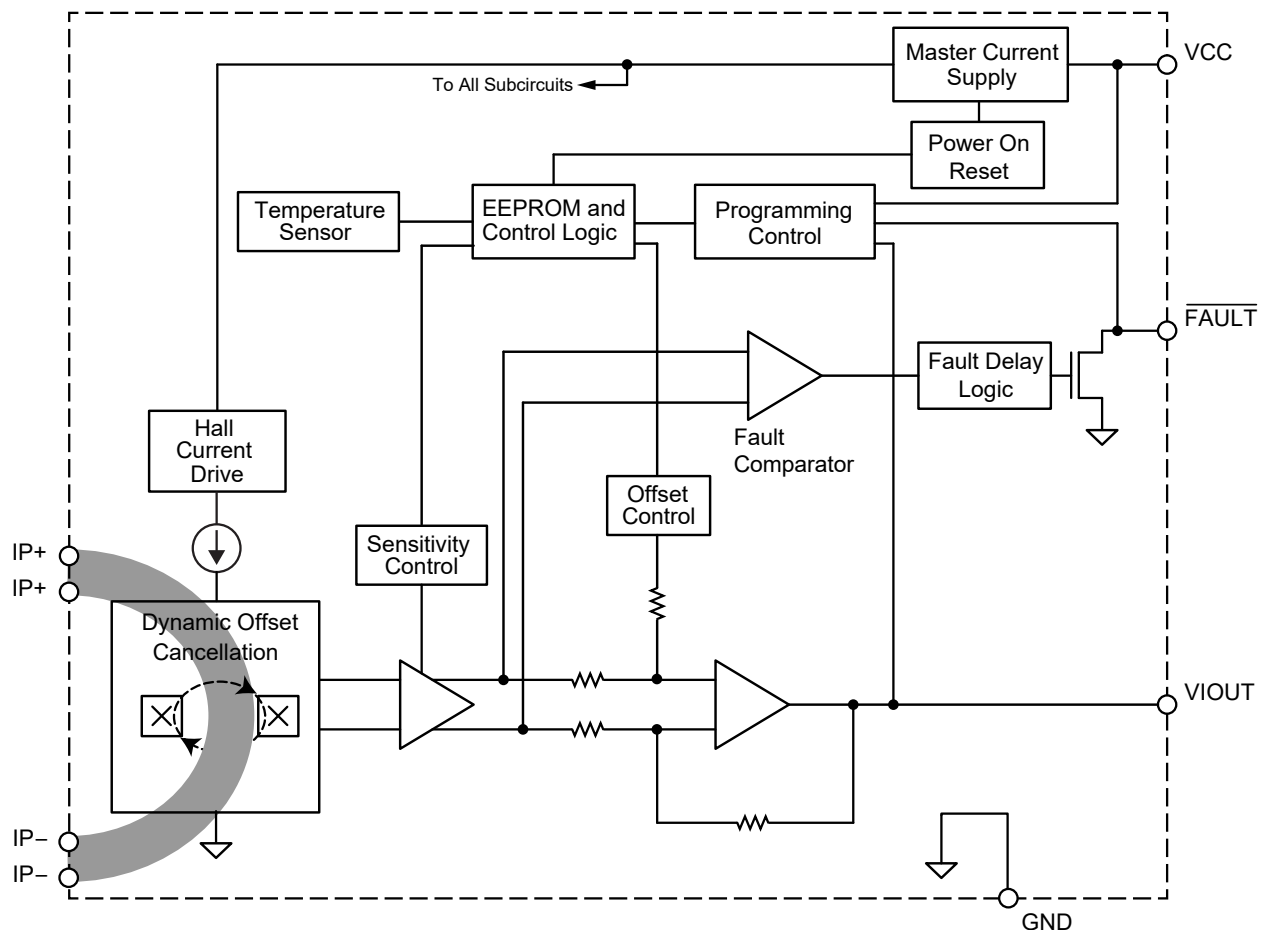
| Number      | Name  | Description   |
|-------------|-------|---|
| 1, 2        | IP+   | Positive terminals for current being sensed; fused internally |
| 3, 4        | IP–   | Negative terminals for current being sensed; fused internally |
| 5           | GND   | Signal ground terminal  |
| 6           | FAULT | Overcurrent fault; active low                                 |
| 7, 8, 9, 10 | NC    | No connection; connect to ground for optimal ESD performance  |
| 11          | VIOUT | Analog output signal  |
| 12          | VCC   | Device power supply terminal                                  |



**Package LC, 8-Pin SOIC  
Pinout Diagram**

**Terminal List Table (SOIC-8)**

| Number | Name  | Description   |
|--------|-------|---|
| 1, 2   | IP+   | Positive terminals for current being sensed; fused internally |
| 3, 4   | IP–   | Negative terminals for current being sensed; fused internally |
| 5      | GND   | Signal ground terminal  |
| 6      | FAULT | Overcurrent fault; active low                                 |
| 7      | VIOUT | Analog output signal  |
| 8      | VCC   | Device power supply terminal                                  |



Functional Block Diagram

**COMMON ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid through the full range of  $T_A$  and  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$  or  $3.3\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic                            | Symbol                | Test Conditions   |                | Min.                  | Typ. [1] | Max. | Unit                   |
|---|-----------------------|---|----------------|-----------------------|----------|------|------------------------|
| ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS                |                       |   |                |                       |          |      |                        |
| Supply Voltage                            | V <sub>CC</sub>       | 5 V variant   |                | 4.5                   | 5.0      | 5.5  | V                      |
|   |                       | 3.3 V variant   |                | 3.0                   | 3.3      | 3.6  | V                      |
| Supply Current                            | I <sub>CC</sub>       | 5 V variant, no load on V <sub>IOUT</sub>   |                | –                     | 10       | 12   | mA                     |
|   |                       | 3.3 V variant, no load on V <sub>IOUT</sub>   |                | –                     | 7.5      | 12   | mA                     |
| Output Capacitive Load                    | C <sub>L</sub>        | V <sub>IOUT</sub> to GND  |                | –                     | –        | 4.7  | nF                     |
| Output Resistive Load                     | R <sub>L</sub>        | V <sub>IOUT</sub> to GND  |                | 10                    | –        | –    | kΩ                     |
| Primary Hall Coupling Factor              | G <sub>1</sub>        | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C   | QFN-12 package | –                     | 10       | –    | G/A                    |
|   |                       |   | SOIC-8 package | –                     | 11       | –    | G/A                    |
| Secondary Hall Coupling Factor            | G <sub>2</sub>        | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C   | QFN-12 package | –                     | –2       | –    | G/A                    |
|   |                       |   | SOIC-8 package | –                     | –2.8     | –    | G/A                    |
| Hall Plate Sensitivity Matching           | Sens <sub>match</sub> | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C   |                | –                     | ±1       | –    | %                      |
| Common Mode Field Rejection               | CMFR                  | Offset due to DC common field   | QFN-12 package | –                     | 1.2      | –    | mA/G                   |
|   |                       |   | SOIC-8 package | –                     | 0.6      | –    | mA/G                   |
| Rise Time [2]                             | t <sub>r</sub>        | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF  |                | –                     | 3        | 4    | μs                     |
| Propagation Delay [2]                     | t <sub>pd</sub>       | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF  |                | –                     | 1.6      | 2.2  | μs                     |
| Response Time [2]                         | t <sub>RESPONSE</sub> | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF  |                | –                     | 4        | 4.9  | μs                     |
| Output Slew Rate                          | SR                    | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF  |                | –                     | 0.53     | –    | V/μs                   |
| Bandwidth                                 | BW                    | Small signal –3 dB; C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF   |                | –                     | 120      | –    | kHz                    |
| Noise Density                             | I <sub>ND</sub>       | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V, input referred, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF |                | –                     | 100      | –    | μA <sub>RMS</sub> /√Hz |
|   |                       | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, input referred, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF |                |                       | 150      |      | μA <sub>RMS</sub> /√Hz |
| Noise                                     | I <sub>N</sub>        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V, input referred, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF |                | –                     | 52       | –    | mA <sub>RMS</sub>      |
|   |                       | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, input referred, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF |                | –                     | 78       | –    | mA <sub>RMS</sub>      |
| Nonlinearity                              | E <sub>LIN</sub>      | Up to I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A   | QFN-12 package | –1                    | –        | 1    | %                      |
|   |                       | Through full range of I <sub>P</sub>  | SOIC-8 package | –1                    | –        | 1    | %                      |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio              | PSRR                  | V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> ±10%, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, DC to 1 kHz            |                | –                     | 40       | –    | dB                     |
|   |                       | V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> ±10%, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, 1 kHz to 20 kHz        |                | –                     | 30       | –    | dB                     |
|   |                       | V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> ±10%, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, 20 kHz to 60 kHz       |                | –                     | 20       | –    | dB                     |
| Output Saturation Voltage[3]              | V <sub>SAT_H</sub>    | R <sub>L</sub> = 10 kΩ  |                | V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.3 | –        | –    | V                      |
|   | V <sub>SAT_L</sub>    | R <sub>L</sub> = 10 kΩ  |                | –                     | –        | 0.3  | V                      |
| Power-On Time                             | t <sub>PO</sub>       | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C   |                | –                     | 80       | –    | μs                     |
| Shorted Output-to-Ground Current          | I <sub>SC(GND)</sub>  | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C   |                | –                     | 30       | –    | mA                     |
| Shorted Output-to-V <sub>CC</sub> Current | I <sub>SC(VCC)</sub>  | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C   |                | –                     | 1.8      | –    | mA                     |

Continued on next page...



### COMMON ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued): Valid through the full range of $T_A$ and $V_{CC}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic                                   | Symbol                        | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]  | Max. | Unit          |
|--|-------------------------------|--|------|-----------|------|---------------|
| <b>FAULT CHARACTERISTICS</b>                     |                               |  |      |           |      |               |
| $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ Current Hysteresis [4] | $I_{F(HYS)}$                  | Percent of $I_{PR(MAX)}$   | 3    | 12        | –    | %             |
| $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ Output Pullup Resistor | $R_{PU}$                      |  | 10   | –         | 500  | k $\Omega$    |
| $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ Output Voltage         | $V_{OL}$                      | $R_{PU} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ , during fault condition   | –    | –         | 0.3  | V             |
| $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ Response Time [5]      | $t_{\overline{\text{FAULT}}}$ | Time from $ I_P $ rising above $ I_{\overline{\text{FAULT}}} $ until $V_{\overline{\text{FAULT}}} < V_{OL(MAX)} - 100 \text{ pF}$ from $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ to GND.<br>Input current step 20% above $I_{\overline{\text{FAULT}}}$ with rise time $\leq 1 \mu\text{s}$ . | –    | 1.5       | 2.5  | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ Error                  | $E_F$                         | $I_{\overline{\text{FAULT}}}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$   | –10  | $\pm 3.5$ | 10   | %             |
|  |                               | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ or $T_{A(MAX)}$  | –10  | $\pm 5$   | 10   | %             |

[1] Typical values with  $\pm$  are 3 sigma values.

[2] Guaranteed by design. Limit calculated using 6 sigma. Not tested in production.

[3] The sensor will continue to respond to current beyond the range of  $I_P$  until the high or low saturation voltage; however, the nonlinearity in this region will be worse than through the rest of the measurement range. The extended current sensing range,  $I_{P(EXT)}$ , can be calculated using the following equation:

$$I_{P(EXT)} [A] = (V_{SAT\_H} [V] - V_{IOUT(Q)} [V]) \times 1000 / \text{Sens} [mV/A].$$

[4] Tested on all devices using trim settings set to ACS71240-10B.

[5] Not tested in production.

# ACS71240

## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

**ACS71240KEXBLT-010B3 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:** Over full range of  $T_A$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol                  | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>         |  | −10  | −                    | 10   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                    | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub> | −    | 132                  | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub>    | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                          | −    | 1.65                 | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>        | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2.5 | ±1.2                 | 2.5  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±2.5                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>       | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2   | ±1.0                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.5 | ±2.2                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −15  | ±6.3                 | 15   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±8.6                 | 30   | mV   |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE INCLUDING LIFETIME DRIFT [4]   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift [5]   | E <sub>TOT_drift</sub>  | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.7 | ±1.8                 | 5.7  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±1.5                 | 6    | %    |
| Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift [6]  | E <sub>SENS_drift</sub> | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.1 | ±1.2                 | 5.1  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.6 | ±1.2                 | 5.6  | %    |
| Offset Voltage Error Including Lifetime Drift [7]   | V <sub>OE_drift</sub>   | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −28  | ±4.5                 | 28   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±4.3                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>      |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values, except for lifetime drift, which are the average value including drift (from the worst-case stress) after AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

[4] Lifetime drift characteristics are based on AEC-Q100 qualification results.

[5] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 6.1%.

[6] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 4%.

[7] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 22 mV.

### ACS71240KEXBLT-010B3-115 Variant

| Characteristic                            | Symbol      | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. [1]                 | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------|-----------------|------|--------------------------|------|------|
| <b>NON-STANDARD FAULT CHARACTERISTICS</b> |             |                 |      |                          |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point                     | $I_{FAULT}$ |                 | —    | $\pm 1.15 \times I_{PR}$ | —    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values

# ACS71240

## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

**ACS71240KEXBLT-030B3 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:** Over full range of  $T_A$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol                  | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>         |  | −30  | −                    | 30   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                    | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub> | −    | 44                   | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub>    | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                          | −    | 1.65                 | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>        | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2.5 | ±1.2                 | 2.5  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±2.5                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>       | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2   | ±1.5                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.5 | ±2.4                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −15  | ±3.8                 | 15   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±7.1                 | 30   | mV   |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE INCLUDING LIFETIME DRIFT [4]   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift [5]   | E <sub>TOT_drift</sub>  | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.7 | ±1.8                 | 5.7  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±1.5                 | 6    | %    |
| Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift [6]  | E <sub>SENS_drift</sub> | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.1 | ±1.2                 | 5.1  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.6 | ±1.2                 | 5.6  | %    |
| Offset Voltage Error Including Lifetime Drift [7]   | V <sub>OE_drift</sub>   | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −28  | ±4.5                 | 28   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±4.3                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>      |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values, except for lifetime drift, which are the average value including drift (from the worst-case stress) after AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

[4] Lifetime drift characteristics are based on AEC-Q100 qualification results.

[5] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 6.1%.

[6] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 4%.

[7] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 22 mV.

### ACS71240KEXBLT-030B3-167L Variant

| Characteristic                            | Symbol      | Test Conditions | Min.    | Typ. [1]                 | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|------|------|
| <b>NON-STANDARD FAULT CHARACTERISTICS</b> |             |                 |         |                          |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point                     | $I_{FAULT}$ |                 | –       | $\pm 1.67 \times I_{PR}$ | –    | A    |
| Fault Latch                               | –           |                 | Enabled |                          |      | –    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values

# ACS71240

## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

**ACS71240KEXBLT-050B3 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:** Over full range of  $T_A$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol                  | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>         |  | −50  | —                    | 50   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                    | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub> | —    | 26.4                 | —    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub>    | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                          | —    | 1.65                 | —    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>        | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2.5 | ±1.5                 | 2.5  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±2.6                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>       | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2   | ±1.1                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.5 | ±1.7                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −15  | ±3                   | 15   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±10                  | 30   | mV   |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE INCLUDING LIFETIME DRIFT [4]   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift [5]   | E <sub>TOT_drift</sub>  | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.7 | ±1.8                 | 5.7  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±1.5                 | 6    | %    |
| Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift [6]  | E <sub>SENS_drift</sub> | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.1 | ±1.2                 | 5.1  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.6 | ±1.2                 | 5.6  | %    |
| Offset Voltage Error Including Lifetime Drift [7]   | V <sub>OE_drift</sub>   | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −28  | ±4.5                 | 28   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±4.3                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>      |  | —    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | —    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values, except for lifetime drift, which are the average value including drift (from the worst-case stress) after AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

[4] Lifetime drift characteristics are based on AEC-Q100 qualification results.

[5] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 6.1%.

[6] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 4%.

[7] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 22 mV.

### ACS71240KEXBLT-050B3-120 Variant

| Characteristic                            | Symbol      | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. [1]                | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------|-----------------|------|-------------------------|------|------|
| <b>NON-STANDARD FAULT CHARACTERISTICS</b> |             |                 |      |                         |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point                     | $I_{FAULT}$ |                 | —    | $\pm 1.2 \times I_{PR}$ | —    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values

### ACS71240KEXBLT-010B5 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Over full range of $T_A$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0$ V, unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol                  | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>         |  | −10  | −                    | 10   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                    | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub> | −    | 200                  | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub>    | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                          | −    | 2.5                  | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>        | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2.5 | ±1.2                 | 2.5  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±2.4                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>       | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2   | ±0.8                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.5 | ±2.5                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Offset Voltage Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −15  | ±4.4                 | 15   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±9.6                 | 30   | mV   |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE INCLUDING LIFETIME DRIFT [4]   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift [5]   | E <sub>TOT_drift</sub>  | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.7 | ±1.8                 | 5.7  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±1.5                 | 6    | %    |
| Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift [6]  | E <sub>SENS_drift</sub> | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.1 | ±1.2                 | 5.1  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.6 | ±1.2                 | 5.6  | %    |
| Offset Voltage Error Including Lifetime Drift [7]   | V <sub>OE_drift</sub>   | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −28  | ±4.5                 | 28   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±4.3                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>      |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values, except for lifetime drift, which are the average value including drift (from the worst-case stress) after AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

[4] Lifetime drift characteristics are based on AEC-Q100 qualification results.

[5] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 6.1%.

[6] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 4%.

[7] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 22 mV.

# ACS71240

## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

**ACS71240KEXBLT-020B5 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:** Over full range of  $T_A$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol                  | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>         |  | −20  | −                    | 20   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                    | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub> | −    | 100                  | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub>    | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                          | −    | 2.5                  | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>        | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2.5 | ±1.1                 | 2.5  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±1.7                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>       | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2   | ±1.1                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.5 | ±2.0                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Offset Voltage Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −10  | ±3.8                 | 10   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±11                  | 30   | mV   |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE INCLUDING LIFETIME DRIFT [4]   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift [5]   | E <sub>TOT_drift</sub>  | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.7 | ±1.8                 | 5.7  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±1.5                 | 6    | %    |
| Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift [6]  | E <sub>SENS_drift</sub> | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.1 | ±1.2                 | 5.1  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.6 | ±1.2                 | 5.6  | %    |
| Offset Voltage Error Including Lifetime Drift [7]   | V <sub>OE_drift</sub>   | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −28  | ±4.5                 | 28   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±4.3                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>      |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values, except for lifetime drift, which are the average value including drift (from the worst-case stress) after AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

[4] Lifetime drift characteristics are based on AEC-Q100 qualification results.

[5] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 6.1%.

[6] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 4%.

[7] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 22 mV.

### ACS71240KEXBLT-020B5-150L Variant

| Characteristic                            | Symbol      | Test Conditions | Min.    | Typ. [1]                | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------|-----------------|---------|-------------------------|------|------|
| <b>NON-STANDARD FAULT CHARACTERISTICS</b> |             |                 |         |                         |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point                     | $I_{FAULT}$ |                 | –       | $\pm 1.5 \times I_{PR}$ | –    | A    |
| Fault Latch                               | –           |                 | Enabled |                         |      | –    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values

### ACS71240KEXBLT-030B5 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Over full range of $T_A$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0$ V, unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol                  | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>         |  | −30  | −                    | 30   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                    | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub> | −    | 66                   | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub>    | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                          | −    | 2.5                  | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>        | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2.5 | ±1.2                 | 2.5  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±2.2                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>       | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2   | ±0.9                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.5 | ±1.5                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −15  | ±3.7                 | 15   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±7.1                 | 30   | mV   |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE INCLUDING LIFETIME DRIFT [4]   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift [5]   | E <sub>TOT_drift</sub>  | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.7 | ±1.8                 | 5.7  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±1.5                 | 6    | %    |
| Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift [6]  | E <sub>SENS_drift</sub> | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.1 | ±1.2                 | 5.1  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.6 | ±1.2                 | 5.6  | %    |
| Offset Voltage Error Including Lifetime Drift [7]   | V <sub>OE_drift</sub>   | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −28  | ±4.5                 | 28   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±4.3                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>      |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values, except for lifetime drift, which are the average value including drift (from the worst-case stress) after AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

[4] Lifetime drift characteristics are based on AEC-Q100 qualification results.

[5] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 6.1%.

[6] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 4%.

[7] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 22 mV.

### ACS71240KEXBLT-045B5 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Over full range of $T_A$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0$ V, unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol                  | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>         |  | −45  | −                    | 45   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                    | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub> | −    | 44.4                 | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub>    | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                          | −    | 2.5                  | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>        | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2.5 | ±1.5                 | 2.5  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±2.5                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>       | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2   | ±1.2                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.5 | ±1.3                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −15  | ±4                   | 15   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±10                  | 30   | mV   |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE INCLUDING LIFETIME DRIFT [4]   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift [5]   | E <sub>TOT_drift</sub>  | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.7 | ±1.8                 | 5.7  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±1.5                 | 6    | %    |
| Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift [6]  | E <sub>SENS_drift</sub> | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.1 | ±1.2                 | 5.1  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.6 | ±1.2                 | 5.6  | %    |
| Offset Voltage Error Including Lifetime Drift [7]   | V <sub>OE_drift</sub>   | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −28  | ±4.5                 | 28   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±4.3                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>      |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values, except for lifetime drift, which are the average value including drift (from the worst-case stress) after AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

[4] Lifetime drift characteristics are based on AEC-Q100 qualification results.

[5] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 6.1%.

[6] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 4%.

[7] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 22 mV.



### ACS71240KEXBLT-050B5 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Over full range of $T_A$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol                  | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>         |  | −50  | −                    | 50   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                    | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub> | −    | 40                   | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub>    | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                          | −    | 2.5                  | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>        | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2.5 | ±1.4                 | 2.5  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±2.6                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>       | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −2   | ±1.1                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.5 | ±1.7                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −15  | ±3                   | 15   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±8                   | 30   | mV   |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE INCLUDING LIFETIME DRIFT [4]   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift [5]   | E <sub>TOT_drift</sub>  | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.7 | ±1.8                 | 5.7  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −6   | ±1.5                 | 6    | %    |
| Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift [6]  | E <sub>SENS_drift</sub> | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | −5.1 | ±1.2                 | 5.1  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C        | −5.6 | ±1.2                 | 5.6  | %    |
| Offset Voltage Error Including Lifetime Drift [7]   | V <sub>OE_drift</sub>   | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | −28  | ±4.5                 | 28   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C         | −30  | ±4.3                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>      |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values, except for lifetime drift, which are the average value including drift (from the worst-case stress) after AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

[4] Lifetime drift characteristics are based on AEC-Q100 qualification results.

[5] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 6.1%.

[6] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 4%.

[7] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 22 mV.

### ACS71240KEXBLT-050U5 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Over full range of $T_A$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0$ V, unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol                  | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>         |  | 0    | –                    | 50   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                    | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub> | –    | 80                   | –    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub>    | Unidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                         | –    | 0.5                  | –    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>        | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | –2.5 | ±1.2                 | 2.5  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C        | –6   | ±3.6                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>       | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | –2   | ±0.9                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C        | –5.5 | ±3.3                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | –10  | ±4.6                 | 10   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C         | –30  | ±6.3                 | 30   | mV   |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE INCLUDING LIFETIME DRIFT [4]   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift [5]   | E <sub>TOT_drift</sub>  | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | –5.7 | ±1.8                 | 5.7  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C        | –6   | ±1.5                 | 6    | %    |
| Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift [6]  | E <sub>SENS_drift</sub> | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C        | –5.1 | ±1.2                 | 5.1  | %    |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C        | –5.6 | ±1.2                 | 5.6  | %    |
| Offset Voltage Error Including Lifetime Drift [7]   | V <sub>OE_drift</sub>   | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C         | –28  | ±4.5                 | 28   | mV   |
|   |                         | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C         | –30  | ±4.3                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                         |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>      |  | –    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | –    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values, except for lifetime drift, which are the average value including drift (from the worst-case stress) after AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

[4] Lifetime drift characteristics are based on AEC-Q100 qualification results.

[5] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 6.1%.

[6] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 4%.

[7] All devices stayed within min/max limits throughout AEC-Q100 qualification. The worst drift observed was 22 mV.

# ACS71240

## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

### ACS71240LLCBTR-010B3 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Over full range of $T_A$ , $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol               | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|----------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>      |  | −10  | −                    | 10   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                 | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub>           | −    | 132                  | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub> | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                                    | −    | 1.65                 | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>     | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −2   | ±1                   | 2    | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −6   | ±2.4                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>    | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −1.5 | ±0.8                 | 1.5  | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −5.5 | ±2.3                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C                   | −10  | ±6.7                 | 10   | mV   |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C                   | −30  | ±10                  | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>   |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values. Limits include lifetime as tested during AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ , with  $I_P = I_{PR(max)}$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

### ACS71240LLCBTR-025B3 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Over full range of $T_A$ , $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol               | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|----------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>      |  | −25  | −                    | 25   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                 | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub>           | −    | 55                   | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub> | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                                    | −    | 1.65                 | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>     | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −2   | ±1                   | 2    | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −6   | ±1.7                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>    | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −1.9 | ±0.9                 | 1.9  | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −5.5 | ±1.4                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C                   | −10  | ±7                   | 10   | mV   |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C                   | −30  | ±11                  | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>   |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values. Limits include lifetime as tested during AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ , with  $I_P = I_{PR(max)}$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

# ACS71240

## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

**ACS71240LLCBTR-030B3 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:** Over full range of  $T_A$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V, unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol               | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|----------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>      |  | −30  | −                    | 30   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                 | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub>           | −    | 44                   | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub> | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                                    | −    | 1.65                 | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>     | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −2   | ±0.6                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −6   | ±1.4                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>    | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −1.9 | ±0.5                 | 1.9  | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −5.5 | ±1.1                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C                   | −10  | ±7.2                 | 10   | mV   |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C                   | −30  | ±9.5                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>   |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values. Limits include lifetime as tested during AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ , with  $I_P = I_{PR(max)}$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

**ACS71240LLCBTR-050B3 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:** Over full range of  $T_A$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V, unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol               | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|----------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>      |  | −50  | −                    | 50   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                 | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub>           | −    | 26.4                 | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub> | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                                    | −    | 1.65                 | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>     | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −2   | ±0.9                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −6   | ±4.3                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>    | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −1.5 | ±0.8                 | 1.5  | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −5.5 | ±4.2                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C                   | −10  | ±7.5                 | 10   | mV   |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C                   | −30  | ±10                  | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>   |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values. Limits include lifetime as tested during AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ , with  $I_P = I_{PR(max)}$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

# ACS71240

## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

**ACS71240LLCBTR-020U5 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:** Over full range of  $T_A$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5.0$  V, unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol               | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|----------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>      |  | 0    | –                    | 20   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                 | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub>           | –    | 200                  | –    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub> | Unidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                                   | –    | 0.5                  | –    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>     | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | –2   | ±1                   | 2    | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C | –6   | ±2.2                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>    | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | –1.9 | ±1                   | 1.9  | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C | –5.5 | ±1.9                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C                   | –10  | ±7.1                 | 10   | mV   |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C                   | –30  | ±23                  | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>   |  | –    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | –    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values. Limits include lifetime as tested during AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ , with  $I_P = I_{PR(max)}$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

**ACS71240LLCBTR-045B5 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:** Over full range of  $T_A$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5.0$  V, unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol               | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|----------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>      |  | −45  | −                    | 45   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                 | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub>           | −    | 44.4                 | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub> | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                                    | −    | 2.5                  | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>     | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −2   | ±0.7                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −6   | ±1.4                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>    | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −1.9 | ±0.6                 | 1.9  | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −5.5 | ±1.4                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C                   | −10  | ±6.9                 | 10   | mV   |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C                   | −30  | ±7.2                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>   |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values. Limits include lifetime as tested during AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ , with  $I_P = I_{PR(max)}$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

# ACS71240

## Automotive-Grade, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC with Common-Mode Field Rejection and Overcurrent Detection in Small Footprint Low-Profile Packages

**ACS71240LLCBTR-050B5 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:** Over full range of  $T_A$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5.0$  V, unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Symbol               | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|----------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>      |  | −50  | −                    | 50   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                 | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub>           | −    | 40                   | −    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub> | Bidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                                    | −    | 2.5                  | −    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>     | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −2   | ±1.1                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −6   | ±4                   | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>    | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | −1.9 | ±1                   | 1.9  | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C | −5.5 | ±4                   | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C                   | −10  | ±7.7                 | 10   | mV   |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C                   | −30  | ±7.5                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>   |  | −    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | −    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values. Limits include lifetime as tested during AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ , with  $I_P = I_{PR(max)}$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

**ACS71240LLCBTR-050U5 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:** Over full range of  $T_A$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5.0$  V, unless otherwise specified

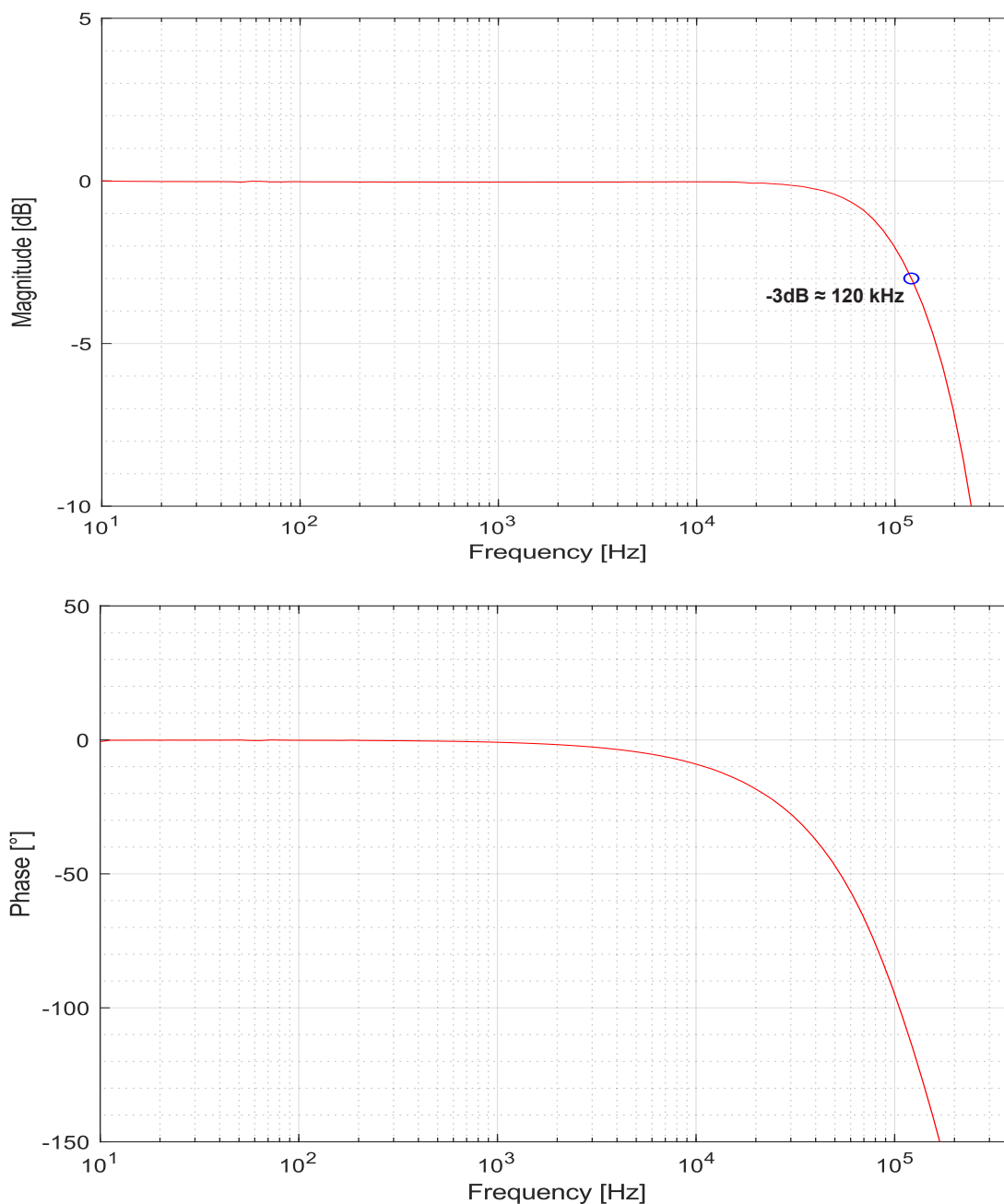
| Characteristic  | Symbol               | Test Conditions  | Min. | Typ. [1]             | Max. | Unit |
|---|----------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| NOMINAL PERFORMANCE   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Optimized Sensing Range   | I <sub>PR</sub>      |  | 0    | –                    | 50   | A    |
| Sensitivity   | Sens                 | I <sub>PR(min)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>PR(max)</sub>           | –    | 80                   | –    | mV/A |
| Zero-Current Output Voltage   | V <sub>IOUT(Q)</sub> | Unidirectional, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                                   | –    | 0.5                  | –    | V    |
| ACCURACY PERFORMANCE  |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Total Output Error [2]  | E <sub>TOT</sub>     | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | –2   | ±1.1                 | 2    | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C | –6   | ±3.8                 | 6    | %    |
| TOTAL OUTPUT ERROR COMPONENTS [3] E <sub>TOT</sub> = E <sub>SENS</sub> + 100 × V <sub>OE</sub> / (Sens × I <sub>P</sub> ) |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| Sensitivity Error   | E <sub>SENS</sub>    | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C | –1.9 | ±1.1                 | 1.9  | %    |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>PR(max)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C | –5.5 | ±3.8                 | 5.5  | %    |
| Voltage Offset Error  | V <sub>OE</sub>      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 150°C                   | –10  | ±4                   | 10   | mV   |
|   |                      | I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C                   | –30  | ±5.5                 | 30   | mV   |
| FAULT CHARACTERISTICS   |                      |  |      |                      |      |      |
| FAULT Operating Point   | I <sub>FAULT</sub>   |  | –    | ±1 × I <sub>PR</sub> | –    | A    |

[1] Typical values are mean  $\pm 3$  sigma values. Limits include lifetime as tested during AEC-Q100 qualification.

[2] Percentage of  $I_P$ , with  $I_P = I_{PR(max)}$ .

[3] A single device will not have both the maximum/minimum sensitivity error and maximum/minimum offset voltage, as that would violate the maximum/minimum total output error specification.

## CHARACTERISTIC PERFORMANCE ACS71240 TYPICAL FREQUENCY RESPONSE



For information regarding bandwidth characterization methods used for the ACS71240, see the “Characterizing System Bandwidth” application note (<https://allegromicro.com/en/insights-and-innovations/technical-documents/hall-effect-sensor-ic-publications/an-effective-method-for-characterizing-system-bandwidth-an296169>) on the Allegro website.

### RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS DEFINITIONS AND PERFORMANCE DATA

#### Response Time ( $t_{\text{RESPONSE}}$ )

The time interval between a) when the sensed input current reaches 90% of its final value, and b) when the sensor output reaches 90% of its full-scale value.

#### Propagation Delay ( $t_{\text{pd}}$ )

The time interval between a) when the sensed input current reaches 20% of its full-scale value, and b) when the sensor output reaches 20% of its full-scale value.

#### Rise Time ( $t_r$ )

The time interval between a) when the sensor reaches 10% of its full-scale value, and b) when it reaches 90% of its full-scale value.

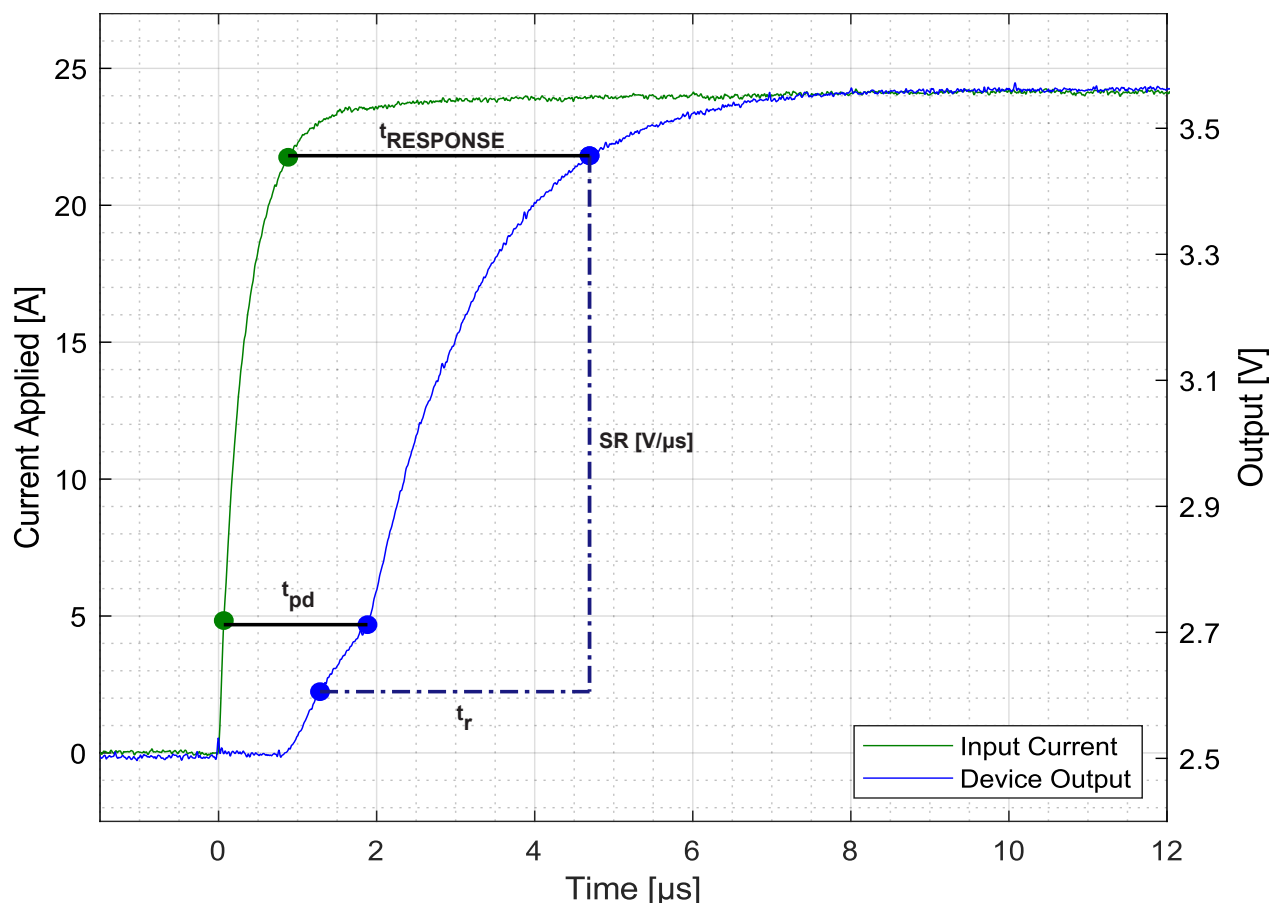
#### Output Slew Rate (SR)

The rate of change [ $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ ] in the output voltage from a) when the sensor reaches 10% of its full-scale value, and b) when it reaches 90% of its full-scale value.

#### Response Time, Propagation Delay, Rise Time, and Output Slew Rate

Applied current step with 10%-90% rise time =  $1 \mu\text{s}$

Test Conditions:  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $C_{\text{BYPASS}} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_L = 1 \text{ nF}$





### POWER ON FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION AND PERFORMANCE DATA

#### Power-On Time ( $t_{PO}$ )

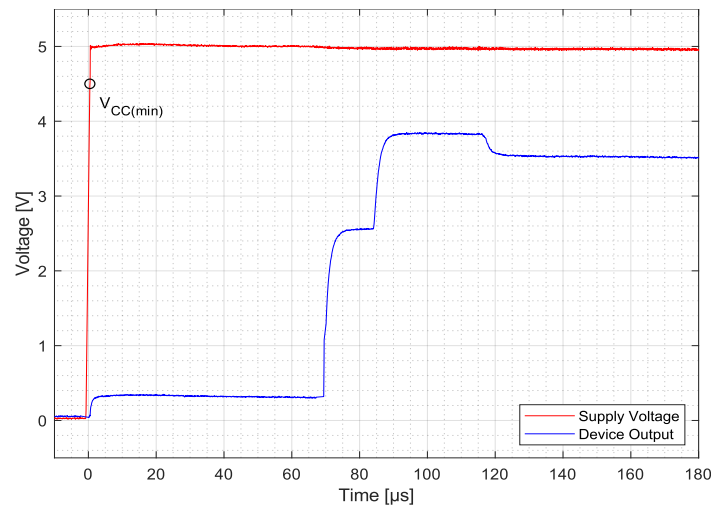
When the supply is ramped to its operating voltage, the device requires a finite amount of time to power its internal components before responding to an input magnetic field. Power-On Time ( $t_{PO}$ ) is defined as the time interval between a) the power supply has reached its minimum specified operating voltage ( $V_{CC(min)}$ ), and b) when the sensor output has settled within  $\pm 10\%$  of its steady-state value under an applied magnetic field.

#### Power-On Profile

After applying power, the part remains off in a known, high impedance state referred to as Power-on Reset, or POR. The device stays in this state until the voltage reaches a point at which the device will remain powered. The power-on profile below illustrates the intended power on/off. A pull-down resistor was used on the output of the tested device.

#### Power-On Time ( $t_{PO}$ )

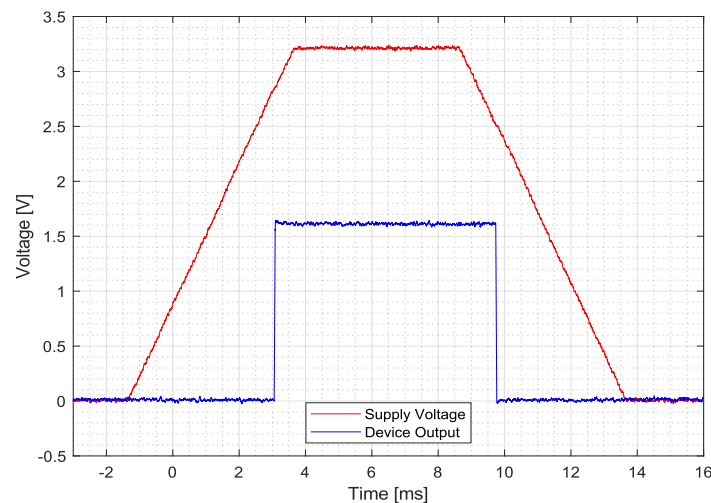
Test Conditions:  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $R_{PD} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  
1V Output Swing



#### Power-On Profile

Supply voltage ramp rate = 1V/ms

Test Conditions:  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $R_{PD} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$



### DEFINITIONS OF ACCURACY CHARACTERISTICS

**Sensitivity (Sens).** The change in sensor IC output in response to a 1 A change through the primary conductor. The sensitivity is the product of the magnetic circuit sensitivity (G/A) (1 G = 0.1 mT) and the linear IC amplifier gain (mV/G). The linear IC amplifier gain is programmed at the factory to optimize the sensitivity (mV/A) for the full-scale current of the device.

**Nonlinearity ( $E_{LIN}$ ).** The nonlinearity is a measure of how linear the output of the sensor IC is over the full current measurement range. The nonlinearity is calculated as:

$$E_{LIN} = \left\{ 1 - \left[ \frac{V_{IOUT}(I_{PR(max)}) - V_{IOUT(Q)}}{2 \cdot V_{IOUT}(I_{PR(max)}/2) - V_{IOUT(Q)}} \right] \right\} \cdot 100(\%)$$

**Zero-Current Output Voltage ( $V_{IOUT(Q)}$ ).** The output of the sensor when the primary current is zero. For unipolar devices this value will be 10% of operating voltage, 0.5 V and 0.33 V for 5 V and 3.3 V respectively. For bidirectional devices, the output will be 50% of the operating voltage, 2.5 V and 1.65 V for 5 V and 3.3 V devices respectively. Since the ACS71240 is a non-ratiometric part, these values will be stable over  $V_{CC}$  variations. Variation in  $V_{IOUT(Q)}$  can be attributed to the resolution of the Allegro linear IC quiescent voltage trim and thermal drift.

**Offset Voltage ( $V_{OE}$ ).** The deviation of the device output from its ideal quiescent value due to nonmagnetic causes. To convert this voltage to amperes, divide by the device sensitivity, Sens.

**Total Output Error ( $E_{TOT}$ ).** The difference between the current measurement from the sensor IC and the actual current ( $I_P$ ), relative to the actual current. This is equivalent to the difference between the ideal output voltage and the actual output voltage, divided by the ideal sensitivity, relative to the current flowing through the primary conduction path:

$$E_{TOT}(I_P) = \frac{V_{IOUT\_ideal}(I_P) - V_{IOUT}(I_P)}{Sens_{ideal}(I_P) \cdot I_P} \cdot 100(\%)$$

The Total Output Error incorporates all sources of error and is a function of  $I_P$ . At relatively high currents,  $E_{TOT}$  will be mostly due to sensitivity error, and at relatively low currents,  $E_{TOT}$  will be mostly due to Offset Voltage ( $V_{OE}$ ). In fact, at  $I_P = 0$ ,  $E_{TOT}$  approaches infinity due to the offset. This is illustrated in Figure 2 and Figure 3. Figure 2 shows a distribution of output voltages versus  $I_P$  at 25°C and across temperature. Figure 3 shows the corresponding  $E_{TOT}$  versus  $I_P$ .

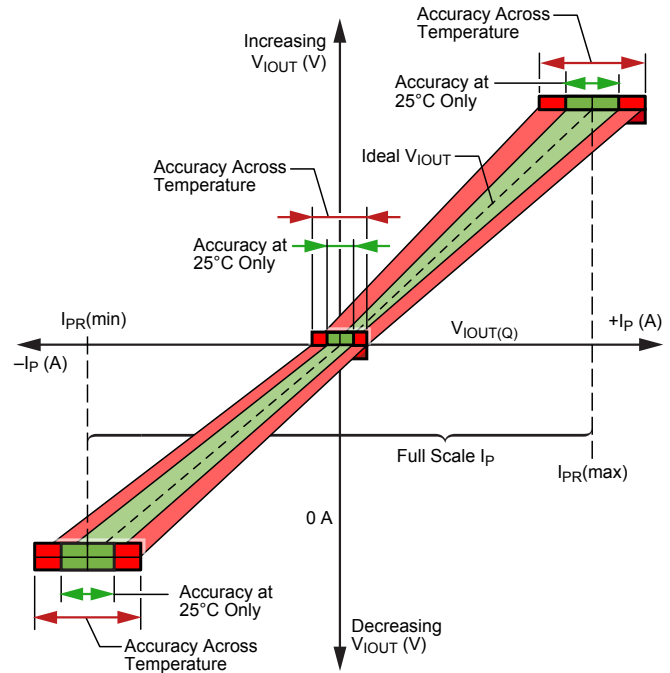


Figure 2: Output Voltage versus Sensed Current

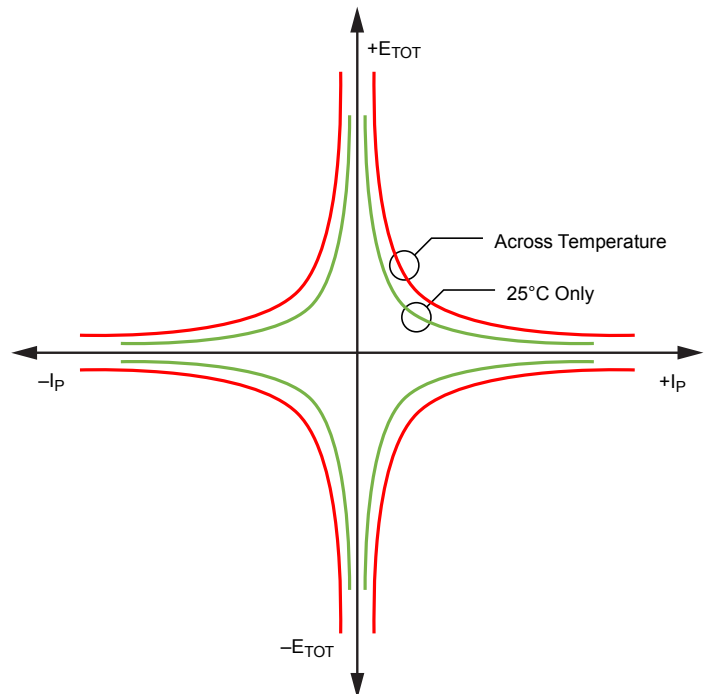


Figure 3: Total Output Error versus Sensed Current

**Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR).** The ratio of the change on  $V_{IOUT}$  to a change in  $V_{CC}$  in dB.

$$PSRR = 20 \log_{10} \left( \left| \frac{\Delta V_{CC}}{\Delta V_{IOUT}} \right| \right)$$

**FAULT Error ( $E_F$ ).** The difference between the current at which the FAULT pin trips ( $I_{FAULT}$ ), relative to the ideal fault current ( $I_{FAULT\_ideal}$ ). This is equivalent to the difference between the ideal fault current and the actual fault current divided by the ideal current, and is defined as:

$$E_F = \frac{I_{FAULT} - I_{FAULT\_ideal}}{I_{FAULT\_ideal}} \times 100 (\%)$$

### Fault Behavior

The ACS71240 is available with both a latched and unlatched  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  pin output. Unless otherwise stated, the default operation is unlatched.

### Unlatched Fault Behavior

In the event that the  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  pin is unlatched, the  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  output will only assert while an overcurrent condition is present. When an overcurrent condition occurs, the  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  pin will be pulled low within  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  response time,  $t_{\overline{\text{FAULT}}}$ . When the overcurrent condition is removed and  $I_{\overline{\text{FAULT}}}$  falls below the overcurrent trip point minus the hysteresis ( $I_{\text{F(HYS)}}$ ), another  $t_{\overline{\text{FAULT}}}$  will delay the release of the line, after which the  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  line will return to  $V_{\text{CC}}$  with a time constant based on the pull-up resistor and line capacitance (refer to Figure 4).

### Latched Fault Behavior

In the event that the fault pin is latched, the  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  output will assert when an overcurrent condition is present. The  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  pin will remain latched even after the overcurrent condition has subsided. The  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  pin will remain asserted until the device is power-cycled.

### Fault Filtering

To prevent nuisance tripping while in latched mode, the ACS71240 is available with a variety of minimum fault times, which are the minimum period a fault event must be present before the  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  pin will latch. This minimum period,  $t_{\text{MASK}}$ , can be 0  $\mu\text{s}$ , 0.5  $\mu\text{s}$ , or 1  $\mu\text{s}$ ; the default  $t_{\text{MASK}}$  is 0  $\mu\text{s}$ .

In latched mode, there is an additional delay of 1 clock cycle ( $t_{\text{CLK}} < 150 \text{ ns}$ ) after the overcurrent event occurs. The fault behavior for latched and unlatched modes are shown in Figure 5 and Figure 6.

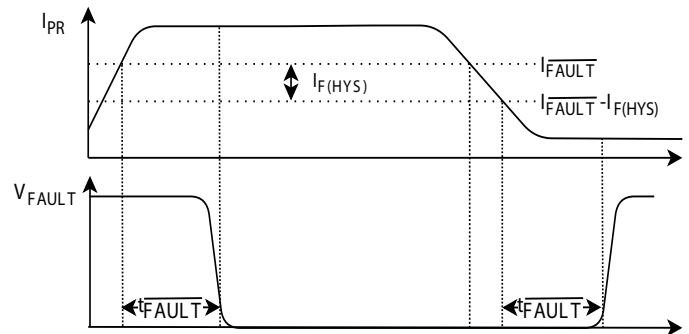


Figure 4: Fault trip with  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  response time

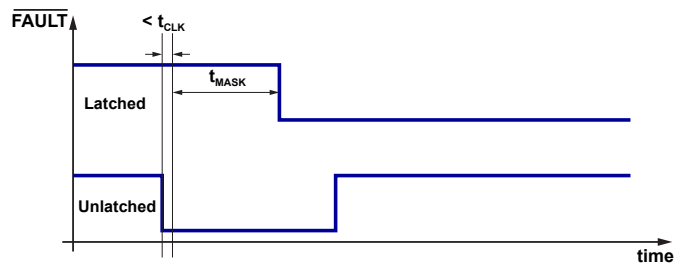


Figure 5: Fault event longer than  $t_{\text{MASK}}$

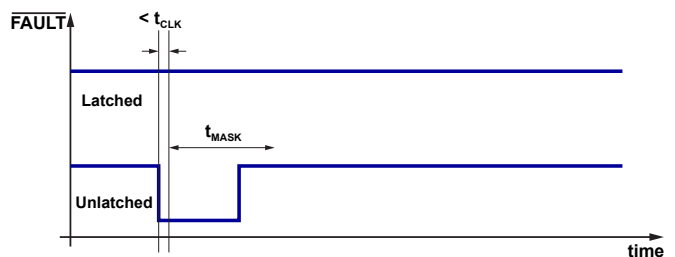


Figure 6: Fault event shorter than  $t_{\text{MASK}}$

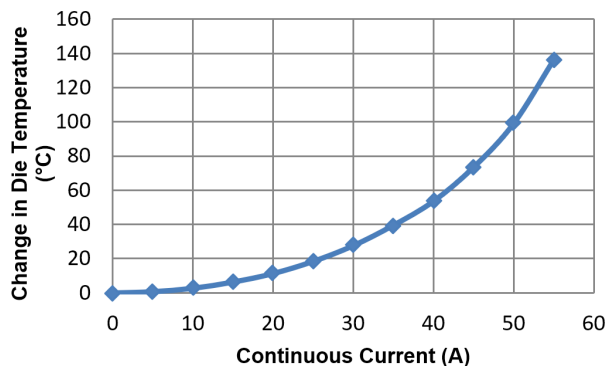
### APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### Thermal Rise vs. Primary Current

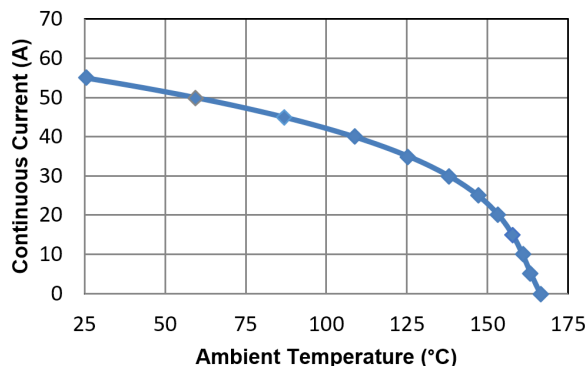
Self-heating due to the flow of current should be considered during the design of any current sensing system. The sensor, printed circuit board (PCB), and contacts to the PCB will generate heat as current moves through the system.

The thermal response is highly dependent on PCB layout, copper thickness, cooling techniques, and the profile of the injected current. The current profile includes peak current, current “on-time”, and duty cycle. While the data presented in this section was collected with direct current (DC), these numbers may be used to approximate thermal response for both AC signals and current pulses.

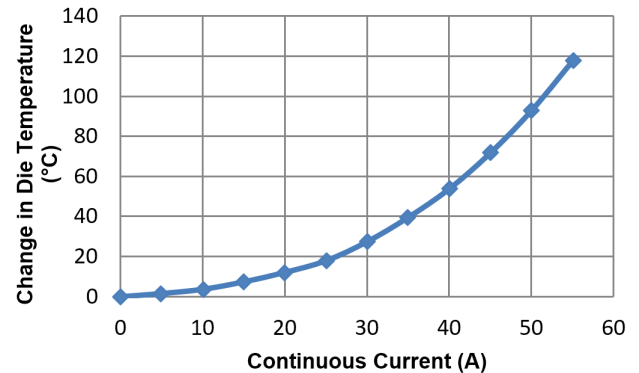
The plots in Figure 7 and Figure 9 show the measured rise in steady-state die temperature of the ACS71240 in the LC package and EX package, respectively, versus continuous current at an ambient temperature,  $T_A$ , of 25 °C. The thermal offset curves may be directly applied to other values of  $T_A$ . Figure 8 and Figure 10 show the maximum continuous current at a given  $T_A$ . Surges beyond the maximum current listed in Figure 8 and Figure 10 are allowed given the maximum junction temperature,  $T_{J(MAX)}$  (165°C), is not exceeded.



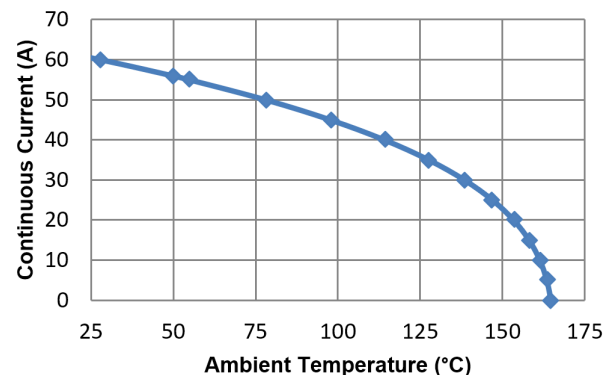
**Figure 7: Self Heating in the LC Package Due to Current Flow**



**Figure 8: Maximum Continuous Current in the LC package at a Given  $T_A$**



**Figure 9: Self Heating in the EX Package Due to Current Flow**



**Figure 10: Maximum Continuous Current in the EX package at a Given  $T_A$**

The thermal capacity of the ACS71240 should be verified by the end user in the application’s specific conditions. The maximum junction temperature,  $T_{J(MAX)}$  (165°C), should not be exceeded. Further information on this application testing is available in the [DC and Transient Current Capability application note](#) on the Allegro website.

#### ASEK71240 Evaluation Board Layout

Thermal data shown in Figure 7 and Figure 8 was collected using the ASEK71240 Evaluation Board (TED-0002524). This board includes 1500 mm<sup>2</sup> of 4 oz. copper (0.1388 mm) connected to pins 1 and 2, and to pins 3 and 4, with thermal vias connecting the layers. Top and bottom layers of the PCB are shown in Figure 11.

Thermal data shown in Figure 9 and Figure 10 was collected using the ASEK71240 Evaluation Board (TED-0002302). This board includes 250 mm<sup>2</sup> of 2 oz. copper (0.0694 mm) connected to pins 1 and 2, and to pins 3 and 4, with thermal vias connecting the layers. Top and bottom layers of the PCB are shown in Figure 12.

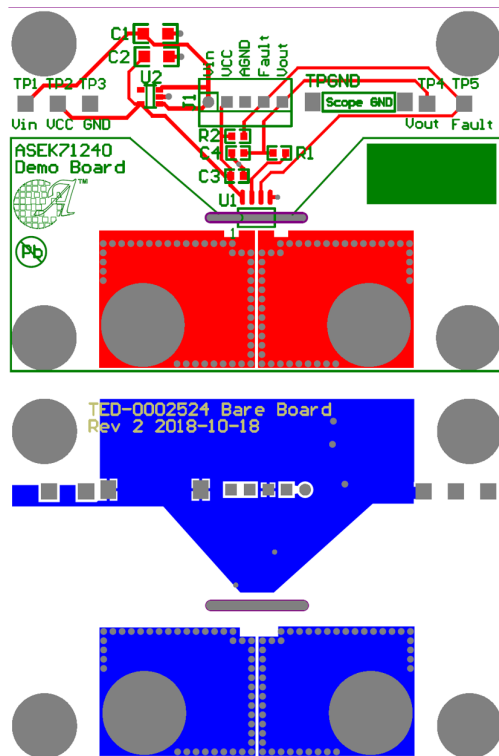


Figure 11: Top and Bottom Layers for  
ASEK71240 Evaluation Board (TED-0002524)

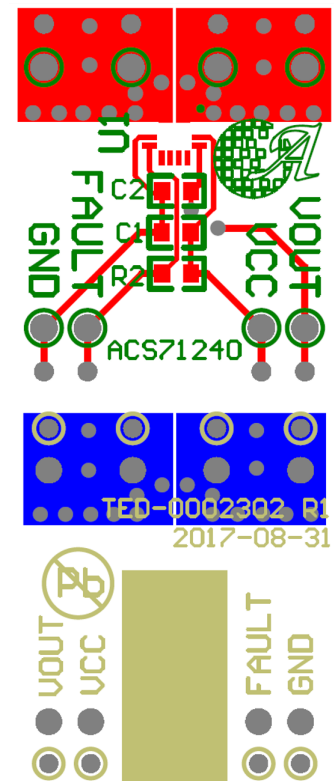


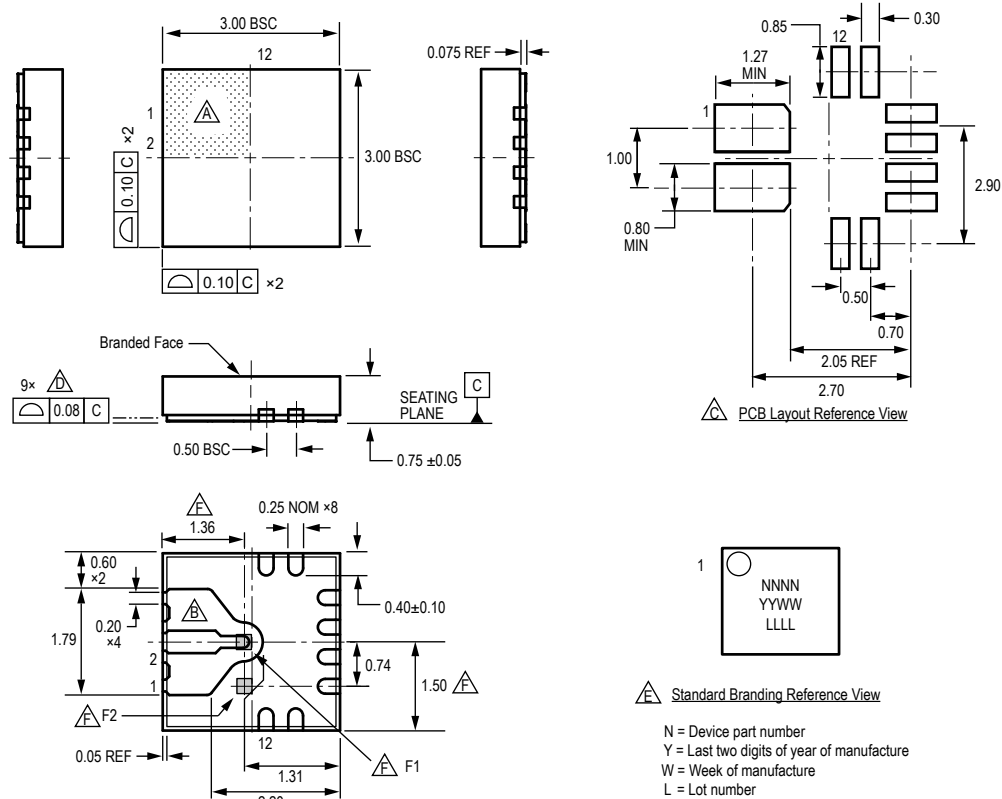
Figure 12: Top and Bottom Layers for  
ASEK71240 Evaluation Board (TED-0002302)

Gerber files for the ASEK71240 evaluation board are available for download from our website. See the technical documents section of the [ACS71240 device webpage](#).

### **Common-Mode Field Rejection**

The ACS71240 features two Hall-effect sensors used differentially in order to eliminate stray field. The two sensors are placed on opposite sides of the current loop. This allows the common magnetic field to be determined and removed before the signal is sent to the end user. Despite this common field rejection, it is always best practice to reduce the amount of stray fields around the current sensor as much as possible. See the Allegro Applications note on reducing common mode field for more details.

### PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWINGS



**Figure 13: Package EXB, 12-Contact QFN  
with Fused Sensored Current Loop  
and Wettable Flank**

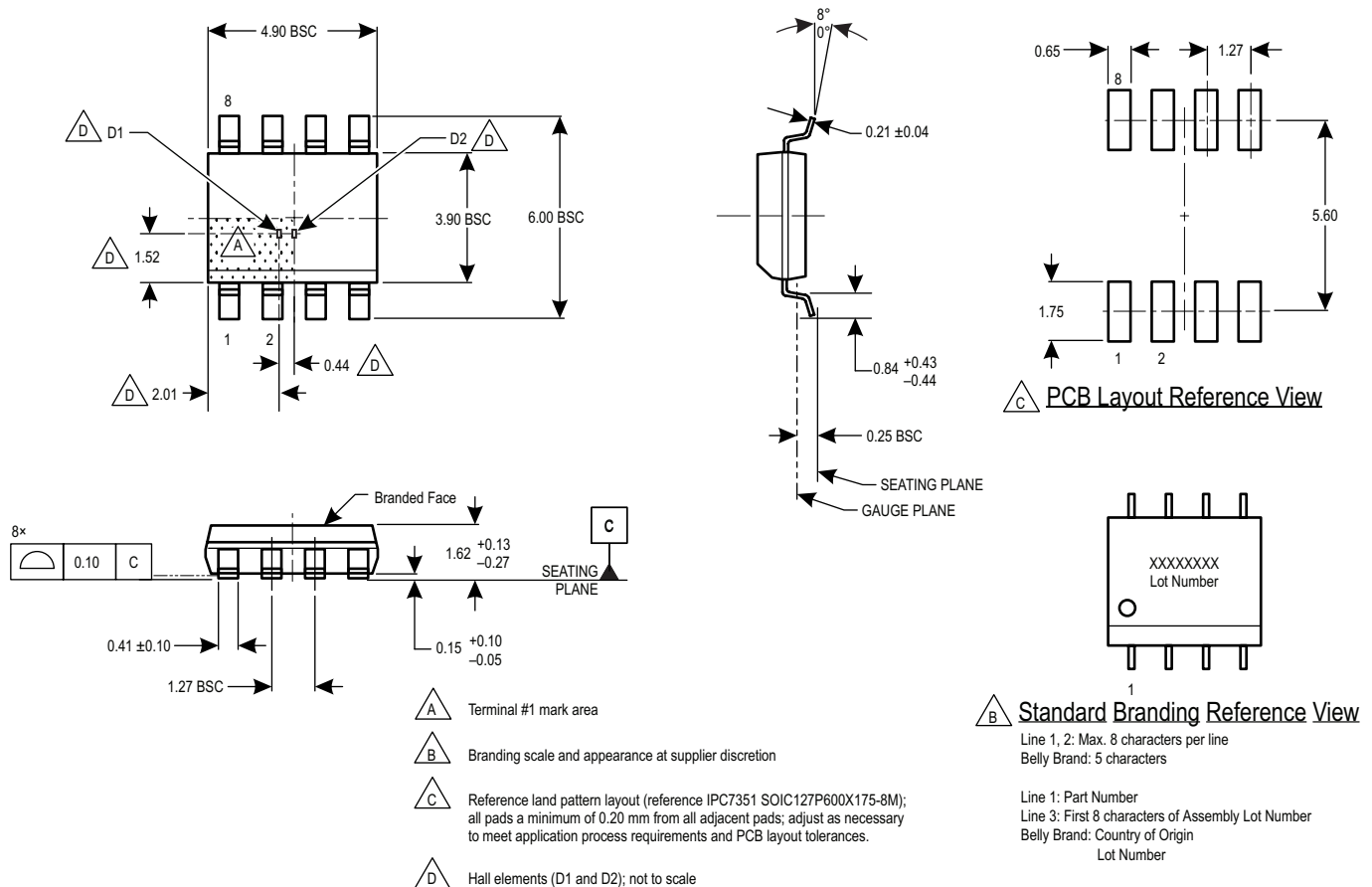


### For Reference Only – Not for Tooling Use

(reference Allegro DWG-0000385, Rev. 2 or JEDEC MS-012AA)

Dimensions in millimeters – NOT TO SCALE

Dimensions exclusive of mold flash, gate burrs, and dambar protrusions  
Exact case and lead configuration at supplier discretion within limits shown



**Figure 14: Package LCB, 8-Pin SOIC**

**Revision History**

| Number | Date               | Description  |
|--------|--------------------|--|
| –      | March 7, 2019      | Initial release  |
| 1      | May 31, 2019       | Updated TUV certificate mark   |
| 2      | July 24, 2019      | Added Hall elements to LC package drawing (page 20)  |
| 3      | August 21, 2019    | Added Maximum Continuous Current to Absolute Maximum Ratings table (page 2), ESD ratings table (page 2), and thermal data section (pages 17-18)  |
| 4      | October 4, 2019    | Added Comparative Tracking Index to Isolation Characteristics table (page 3), and Characteristic Performance Data charts (pages 13-15)   |
| 5      | December 6, 2019   | Added -030B5 part variant (pages 2, 10), Output Slew Rate characteristic (page 6), Typical Frequency Response note (page 16)   |
| 6      | December 19, 2019  | Added -030B3-167L part variant; updated Rise Time, Response Time, Propagation Delay, and Output Slew Rate test conditions, and Output Slew Rate value.   |
| 7      | April 20, 2020     | Added Primary Conductor Inductance values (page 6); removed FAULT Operating Point from Common Electrical Characteristics table (page 7); added FAULT Operating Point to Performance Characteristics tables (pages 8-13); updated Frequency Response (page 14); added Response Characteristics Definitions and Performance Data application page (page 15); added Power on Functional Description and Performance Data application page (page 16)   |
| 8      | March 18, 2021     | Added KEX-10B5 part variant (pages 2, 10); added KEX-020B5 and KEX-020B5-150L part variants (pages 2, 11); added KEX-045B5 variant (pages 2, 13); added KEX-050B5 part variant (pages 2, 14); added LLC-025B3 variant (pages 2, 16); added LLC-050B3 (pages 2, 17); added LLC-20U5 part variant (pages 2, 18); added LLC-050B5 part variant (pages 2, 19); updated ESD Ratings table Test Conditions (page 3); added extended sensing range equation to footnote [3] of the Common Electrical Characteristics table (page 7); added footnote [4] to FAULT Current Hysteresis in the Common Electrical Characteristics table (page 7); updated Fault Behavior application section (page 26) |
| 9      | April 23, 2021     | Added KEX-50B3 part variant (pages 2, 10)  |
| 10     | June 29, 2021      | Added KEX-50B3-120 part variant (pages 2, 10)  |
| 11     | July 27, 2021      | Added -S lead free part variants (all pages)   |
| 12     | September 15, 2022 | Updated package drawings (pages 31-32)   |
| 13     | January 30, 2025   | Updated selection guide (page 3); updated Isolation Characteristics tables (page 4) added Package Characteristics table (page 5); updated Common Electrical Characteristics table (page 8)   |

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